

# THE HOPF–LAX FORMULA IN CARNOT GROUPS

A. CALOGERO

## ABSTRACT

Let us consider the Heisenberg group  $\mathbb{H}$ , the simplest model of Carnot group: in this situation, the horizontal gradient of a function  $v : \mathbb{H}(\sim \mathbb{R}^3) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  at the point  $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3)$  is defined by

$$\mathbb{X}v(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \left( v_{x_1}(x) - \frac{x_2}{2}v_{x_3}(x), v_{x_2}(x) + \frac{x_1}{2}v_{x_3}(x) \right).$$

We are interested in the problem

$$(1) \quad \begin{cases} H(\mathbb{X}u(x, t)) + u_t(x, t) = 0, & \forall (x, t) \in \mathbb{H} \times (0, \infty) \\ u(x, 0) = g(x), & \forall x \in \mathbb{H} \end{cases}$$

where the Hamiltonian  $H : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a convex and superlinear function, and the initial data  $g : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is Lipschitz and bounded.

In the particular case  $H(\cdot) = \varphi(|\cdot|)$  where  $\varphi : [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a convex, increasing, superlinear function, Manfredi and Stroffolini [MS] proved that the unique viscosity solution for (1) is given, for every  $x \in \mathbb{H}$  and  $t > 0$ , by the Hopf–Lax formula

$$(2) \quad u(x, t) = \min_{y \in \mathbb{H}} \left\{ t\varphi^* \left( \frac{d_{cc}(x, y)}{t} \right) + g(y) \right\}$$

where  $\varphi^*$  is the Legendre–Fenchel transform of the function  $\varphi$  and  $d_{cc}$  is the Carnot–Carathéodory distance in  $\mathbb{H}$ .

We prove a Hopf–Lax formula for the problem (1) that generalizes (2). Such result is obtained using an optimal control approach similar to the classical case (see, for instance, [BE]). We are able to pass from the Heisenberg situation to a generic Carnot group and to generalize a result due to Dragoni [D].

These recent results are obtained with Z. Balogh and R. Pini.

---

*Key words and phrases.* Hamilton–Jacobi equation, Legendre–Fenchel transform, Carnot groups, viscosity solution, Hopf–Lax formula, optimal control problem.

## REFERENCES

- [MS] J.J. Manfredi and B. Stroffolini, A version of the Hopf-Lax formula in the Heisenberg group, *Communications in Partial Differential Equations*, 2002, vol 27, pages 1139–1159 First item
- [BE] M. Bardi and L.C. Evans, On Hopf's formulas for solutions of Hamilton-Jacobi equations, *Nonlinear Anal.*, 1984 vol 8, pages 1373-1381
- [D] F. Dragoni, Metric Hopf-Lax formula with semicontinuous data, *Discrete Contin. Dyn. Syst.*, 2007, vol 4, pages 713-729

DIPARTIMENTO DI MATEMATICA E APPLICAZIONI, UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI MILANO BICOCCA

*E-mail address:* `andrea.calogero@unimib`